

Name: Key

### SECTION 1.3

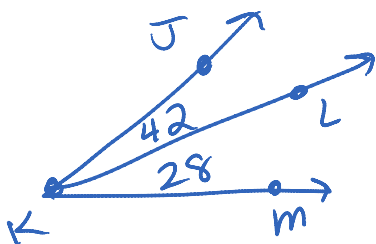
### HOMEWORK

1. Angle A is an acute angle, Angle O is an obtuse angle, and Angle R is a right angle. Order the angles from least to greatest.

$$\angle A, \angle R, \angle O$$

2. L is in the interior of Angle JKM. Find each of the following.

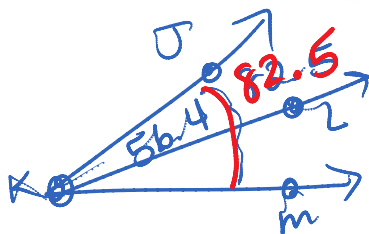
$m\angle JKM$  if  $m\angle JKL = 42^\circ$  and  $m\angle LKM = 28^\circ$



$$\begin{aligned} \angle JKL + \angle LKM &= \angle JKM \\ 42 + 28 &= \angle JKM \\ 70 &= \angle JKM \end{aligned}$$

3. L is in the interior of Angle JKM. Find each of the following.

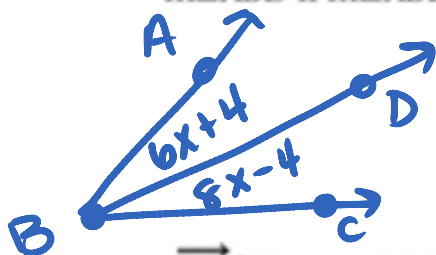
$m\angle LKM$  if  $m\angle JKL = 56.4^\circ$  and  $m\angle JKM = 82.5^\circ$



$$\begin{array}{r} 82.5 \\ -56.4 \\ \hline 26.1^\circ \end{array}$$

4.  $\overrightarrow{BD}$  bisects  $\angle ABC$ . Find each of the following.

$m\angle ABD$  if  $m\angle ABD = (6x + 4)^\circ$  and  $m\angle DBC = (8x - 4)^\circ$

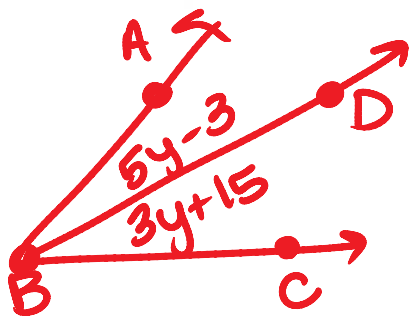


$$\begin{aligned} 6x + 4 &= 8x - 4 \\ \frac{8}{2} &= \frac{2x}{2} \\ 4 &= x \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \angle ABD &= 6(4) + 4 \\ &= 24 + 4 \\ &= 28^\circ \end{aligned}$$

5.  $\overrightarrow{BD}$  bisects  $\angle ABC$ . Find each of the following.

$m\angle ABC$  if  $m\angle ABD = (5y - 3)^\circ$  and  $m\angle DBC = (3y + 15)^\circ$



$$\begin{aligned} 5y - 3 &= 3y + 15 \\ 2y &= 18 \\ y &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \angle ABD &= 5(9) - 3 \\ &= 42 \\ \angle ABC &= 42 + 42 \\ &= 84^\circ \end{aligned}$$