

Objective #1: Simplify the radicals (aka NO decimals)

1) $\sqrt{144}$ 12

2) $3\sqrt{225}$
 $3 \cdot 15$
45

3) $2\sqrt{3} \cdot 5$
10 $\sqrt{3}$

4) $\frac{5}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{9}} = \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{3}$

5) $\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{4}} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$

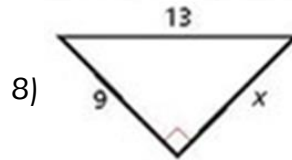
6) $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{15}}{\sqrt{9}} = \frac{\sqrt{15}}{3}$

Objective #2:

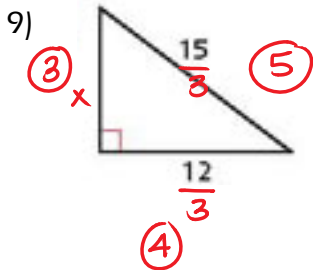
Find the value of x. Give your answer in simplest radical form. (aka NO Decimals!) Identify if any triple



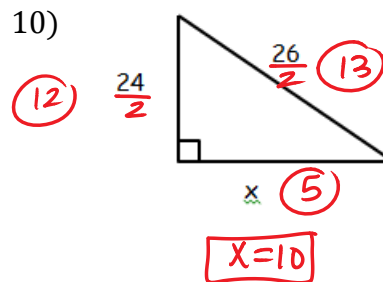
$3^2 + 9^2 = x^2$
 $9 + 81 = x^2$
 $\sqrt{90} = \sqrt{x^2}$
 $9 \cdot 10 = x^2$
 $3 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 = x^2$
 $3\sqrt{10} = x$



$x^2 + 9^2 = 13^2$
 $x^2 + 81 = 169$
 $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{88}$
 $8 \cdot 11$
 $2 \cdot 4$
 $2 \cdot 2$
 $x = 2\sqrt{22}$



$x = 9$



$x = 10$

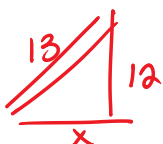
Objective #3: Tell if the measures can be side lengths of a triangle. If so, classify the triangle as acute, obtuse, or right.

11) 6, 8, 10
 $6 + 8 > 10$ yes
 $6^2 + 8^2 = 10^2$
 $36 + 64 = 100$
 $100 = 100$ right Δ

12) 5, 12, 17
 $5 + 12 > 17$
NO
nota Δ

13) 2, 3, 4
 $2 + 3 > 4$ yes
 $2^2 + 3^2 < 4^2$
 $4 + 9 = 13$
 $13 < 16$ obtuse

14) Katie found a cat stuck in a tree ☹. In order to help it down, she went to get a 13 foot ladder. If it reached 12 feet up the tree, how far did Katie place the ladder from the base of the tree?



$x = 5$ feet